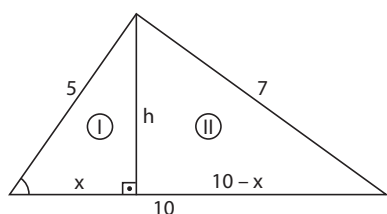


Exercícios de casa resolvidos

Extensivo – Caderno 3 – Matemática III

Aula 12

4. b)



$$\begin{cases} 5^2 = x^2 + h^2 & \textcircled{\text{I}} \\ 7^2 = h^2 + (10 - x)^2 & \textcircled{\text{II}} \end{cases}$$

$$24 = 100 - 20x + x^2 - x^2$$

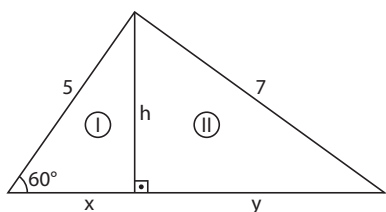
$$20x = 76$$

$$x = \frac{19}{5} \text{ e } h = \frac{2\sqrt{66}}{5}$$

$$S = \frac{b \cdot h}{2} = \frac{10 \cdot \frac{2\sqrt{66}}{5}}{2} = 2\sqrt{66}$$

Resposta do item B: $2\sqrt{66}$

9.



$$\textcircled{\text{I}} \quad \begin{aligned} \sin 60^\circ &= \frac{h}{5} & \cos 60^\circ &= \frac{x}{5} \end{aligned}$$

$$h = \frac{5\sqrt{3}}{2} \quad x = \frac{5}{2}$$

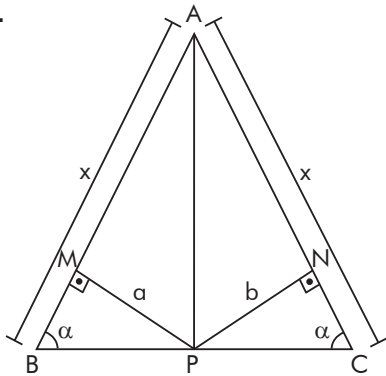
$$\textcircled{\text{II}} \quad \begin{aligned} 7^2 &= h^2 + y^2 \\ y &= \frac{11}{2} \end{aligned}$$

$$S = \frac{(x + y) \cdot h}{2} = \frac{\left(\frac{11}{2} + \frac{5}{2}\right) \cdot \frac{5\sqrt{3}}{2}}{2} = 10\sqrt{3}$$

Resposta: C

Aula 13

4.



$$\frac{a \cdot x}{2} + \frac{b \cdot x}{2} = 10$$

$$\frac{x}{2}(a + b) = 10$$

$$\frac{4x}{2} = 10$$

$$x = 5$$

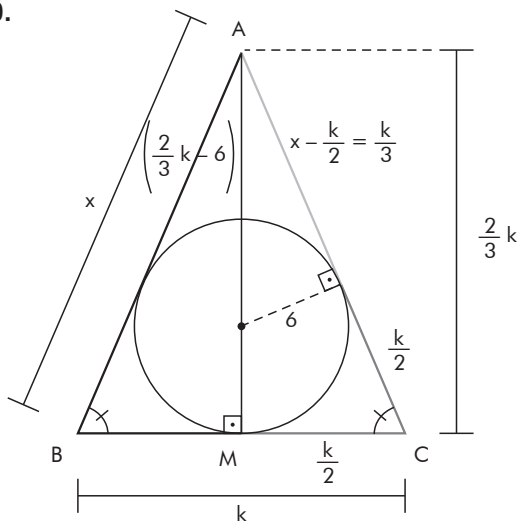
Resposta: C

$$7. A = \frac{1}{2} a \cdot b \cdot \underbrace{\frac{\text{sen } \alpha}{\text{sen } \alpha = 1}}_{\text{máximo}} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot 8 \cdot 8 \cdot 1 = 32$$

Resposta: A

Aula 14

10.



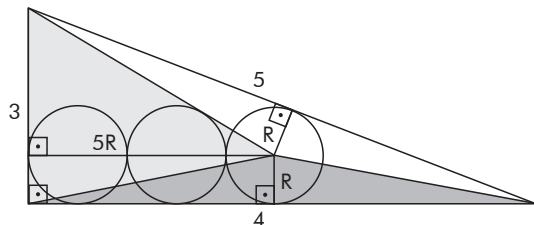
$$x^2 = \left(\frac{k}{2}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{2}{3}k\right)^2$$

$$x = \frac{5}{6}k$$

$$\left(\frac{2}{3}k - 6\right)^2 = 6^2 + \left(\frac{k}{3}\right)^2 = 24$$

Resposta: D

14.

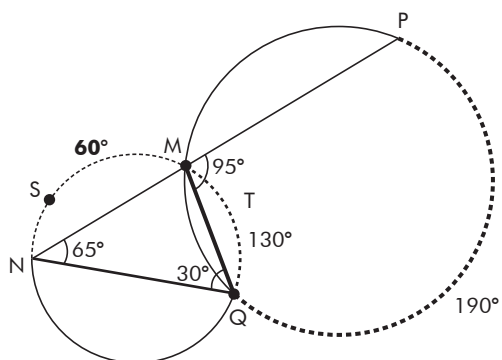


$$\frac{3 \cdot 4}{2} = \frac{3 \cdot 5R}{2} + \frac{4 \cdot R}{2} + \frac{5 \cdot R}{2} \quad R = 0,5$$

Resposta: A

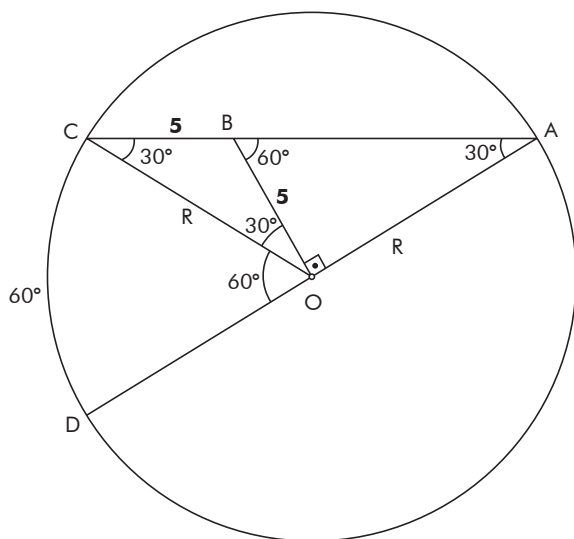
Aula 15

6.



Resposta: A (60°)

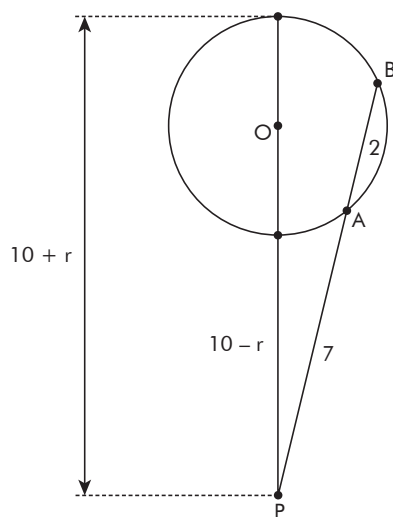
9.



Resposta: D (5)

Aula 16

6.



$$7 \cdot (7 + 2) = (10 - r) \cdot (10 + r)$$

$$63 = 100 - r^2$$

$$r = \sqrt{37}$$

Resposta: A

8. Temos:

$$4 \cdot 9 = (R + 3) \cdot (R - 3)$$

$$36 = R^2 - 9$$

$$45 = R^2$$

$$\text{Logo, } R = 3\sqrt{5}$$

Resposta: B